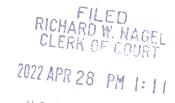
IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

ESKENDER GETACHEW, M.D.,

Defendant.

Case No.

Judge

21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) 18 U.S.C. § 2

FORFEITURE ALLEGATIONS

INDICTMENT

The GRAND JURY charges:

At times material to this Indictment:

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

The Defendant and Relevant Entities

- 1. Defendant ESKENDER GETACHEW, M.D. ("GETACHEW"), was a licensed Medical Doctor in Ohio, credentialed under State of Ohio Medical Board License # 35.086201. GETACHEW was registered with federal and state authorities to prescribe Schedule II through V controlled substances.
- 2. Polaris Wellness and Recovery Center ("PWRC") was a medical practice located at 1050 Kingsmill Parkway, Columbus, Ohio 43239. GETACHEW owned and operated PWRC and prescribed controlled substances, including highly addictive opioids, through PWRC.
- 3. Regional Neurology and Sleep Medicine Institute ("RNSMI") was a medical practice located at 9039 Antares Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43240. GETACHEW owned and operated RNSMI and prescribed controlled substances, including highly addictive opioids, through RNSMI.

The Controlled Substances Act and Code of Federal Regulations

- 4. The Controlled Substances Act ("CSA"), Title 21, United States Code, Section 841(a) *et seq.* and Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1306.04, governed the manufacture, distribution, and dispensation of controlled substances in the United States. The CSA and the Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") contained definitions relevant to this Indictment, as set forth below.
- 5. The term "controlled substance" meant a drug or other substance, or immediate precursor, included in Schedule I, II, III, IV and V, as designated by Title 21, United States Code, Section 802(c)(6), and the CFR. The designation "Schedule II" meant the drug or other substance had a high potential for abuse; the drug had a currently accepted medical use with severe restrictions; and abuse of the drug or other substance may have led to severe psychological or physical dependence. The designation "Schedule III" meant the drug or other substance had a moderate to low potential for physical and psychological dependence, and had less abuse potential than Schedule I or Schedule II substances but more than Schedule IV substances. The designation "Schedule IV" meant the drug or other substance had a low potential for abuse relative to substances that were listed in lower schedules. However, concurrent use of some controlled substances and Schedule IV controlled substances greatly increased a patient's risk of overdose and death.
- 6. Dextroamphetamine-amphetamine, sold under the brand name Adderall, was a Schedule II controlled substance. Buprenorphine was a Schedule III controlled substance. Clonazepam was a Schedule IV controlled substance.
 - 7. The term "dispense" meant to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or

research subject by, or pursuant to the lawful order of, a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering of a controlled substance. The term "distribute" meant to deliver (other than by administering or dispensing) a controlled substance.

- 8. The term "practitioner" meant a medical doctor, physician, or other individual licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted, by the United States or the jurisdiction in which she or he practiced, to dispense a controlled substance in the course of business.
- 9. The Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA") issued registration numbers to qualifying practitioners, including physicians, who thereby became authorized to dispense Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substances.
- 10. The term "prescription" meant an order for medication which was dispensed to or for a user but did not include an order for medication which was dispensed for immediate administration to the user. Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1306.04 provided that "[a]ll prescriptions for controlled substances shall be dated as of, and signed on, the day when issued and shall bear the full name and address of the patient, the drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed, directions for use, and the name, address and registration number of the practitioner."
- 11. Under the CSA and CFR, a prescription for a controlled substance was unlawful unless issued for a legitimate medical purpose by a practitioner acting in the usual course of professional practice.

COUNTS ONE THROUGH FIFTEEN

UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION AND DISPENSING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

- 12. Paragraphs 1 through 11 of the Indictment are realleged and incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 13. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of Ohio, and elsewhere, the defendant, ESKENDER GETACHEW, aiding and abetting and aided and abetted by others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, did knowingly, intentionally, and unlawfully dispense and distribute, and cause to be dispensed and distributed, outside the usual course of professional practice and not for a legitimate medical purpose, the controlled substances listed below, each of which constitutes a separate count of this Indictment:

Count	Patient	Approximate Date Prescription Written	Controlled Substance
1	D.M.	6/20/2018	Buprenorphine/ Naloxone
2	D.M.	8/28/2018	Buprenorphine/ Naloxone
3	R.C.	10/13/2017	Buprenorphine
4	R.C.	6/20/2018	Buprenorphine
5	R.C.	6/20/2018	Clonazepam
6	T.C.	5/8/2018	Buprenorphine
7	T.C.	5/8/2018	Clonazepam
8	T.C.	6/5/2018	Buprenorphine
9	K.F.	10/9/2017	Buprenorphine
10	K.F.	10/9/2017	Clonazepam
11	K.F.	12/7/2017	Buprenorphine
12	K.D.	9/7/2018	Buprenorphine
13	K.D.	9/7/2018	Dextroamphetamine- amphetamine
14	K.D.	11/6/2018	Buprenorphine
15	K.D.	11/6/2018	Dextroamphetamine- amphetamine

Each in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(C), 841(b)(1)(E)(i), 841(b)(2) and 18 U.S.C. § 2.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATIONS

- 14. The allegations contained in Counts 1 through 15 of this Indictment are incorporated here for the purpose of alleging forfeiture pursuant to the provisions of Title 21, United States Code, Section 853.
- 15. Upon conviction of a violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 841, as alleged in Counts 1 through 15 of this Indictment, the defendant, ESKENDER GETACHEW, shall forfeit to the United States of America any property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as the result of such offenses and any property used, or intended to be used, in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate the commission of, the offenses.
 - 16. The property to be forfeited includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- a. any property, real or personal, that constitutes or is derived, directly or indirectly, as the result of such violation;
 - b. any DEA license(s) for GETACHEW; and
- c. any of the defendant's property used, or intended to be used, in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate the commission of, such violation.
- 17. If any of the property described above as being subject to forfeiture, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
 - i. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - ii. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
 - iii. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;
 - iv. has been substantially diminished in value; or

v. has been commingled with other property that cannot be subdivided without difficulty;

the defendant shall forfeit to the United States any other property of the defendant, up to the value of the property described above, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b)(1) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).

A TRUE BILL:	
s/Foreperson	
FOREPERSON	

KENNETH L. PARKER United States Attorney

JOSEPH S. BEEMSTERBOER Acting Chief Criminal Division, Fraud Section United States Department of Justice

s/Christopher M. Jason

CHRISTOPHER M. JASON
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